

In week 07, we are going to see one more D&C algorithm, *closestPairOfPoints*: assume there are  $n$  points in the 2D plane. The algorithm finds a pair of points that their distance is shortest compare to that of any other pair of points. To find the distance between two points  $p_1(x_1, y_1)$  and  $p_2(x_2, y_2)$ , we use the Euclidean distance:  $d(p_1, p_2) = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2}$

- A) Develop a brute-force algorithm, *closestPairOfPoints1*. All you need to do is to calculate the distance of each point to every other points and keep the minimum distance. What is the time complexity of this algorithm?
- B) Try to develop a divide and conquer algorithm, *closestPairOfPoints2*, in which the plane is divided to two halves; find the closest pair in each and choose the minimum. Consider also the case that each point of the closest pair may be in a different half. What is the time complexity of this algorithm? Prove it.

Do it!

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<sup>1</sup> Assume  $n$  pairs of points in the 2D plane are given. Determine the closest pair in an efficient way.