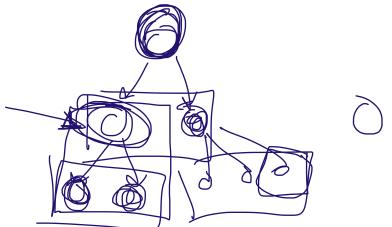
terminology

> set of nodes (possibly with values or labels), with directed edges between some pairs of nodes O & parent) a child

- One node is distinguished as <u>root</u>
- Each non-root node has exactly one parent. (we call this node the parent's child)
- A path is a sequence of nodes n_1, n_2, \ldots, n_k , where there is an edge from n_i to n_{i+1} . The length of a path is the number of edges in it
- ▶ There is a unique path from the root to each node. In the case of the root itself this is just n_1 , if the root is node n_1 .
- ▶ There are no cycles no paths that form loops.

more terminology

leaf: node with no children



internal node: node with one or more children

subtree: tree formed by any tree node together with its descendants and the edges leading to them.

- Hof nodes

▶ height: 1 + the maximum path length in a tree. A node also has a height, which is 1 + the maximum path length of the tree rooted at that node

depth: length of a path from root to a node is the node's depth.

arity, branching factor: maximum number of children for any node.





general tree implementation

```
class Tree:
    11 11 11
    A bare-bones Tree ADT that identifies the root with the entire tree
    11 11 11
    def __init__(self, value=None, children=None):
         11 11 11
         Create Tree self with content value and 0 or more children
         Oparam Tree self: this tree
         Oparam object value: value contained in this tree
         @param list[Tree] children: possibly-empty list of children
         Ortype: None
         11 11 11
         self.value = value
         # copy children if not None
         self.children = children.copy() if children else []
 if len(children) > 0:

equiv self.children = children.copy()

else:

self.children = []
```

general form of recursion:

if (condition to detect a base case): Tree is a less

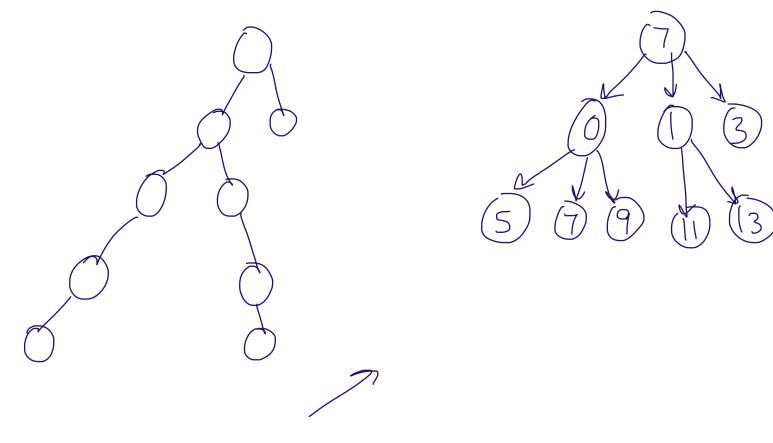
(do something without recursion)

else: # (general case)

(do something that involves recursive call(s))







descendants_from_list (Tree(7),[0,1,3,5,7,9,11,13](3)