CSC104 winter 2013

Why and how of computing week 3

Danny Heap heap@cs.toronto.edu BA4270 (behind elevators)

http://www.cdf.toronto.edu/~heap/104/W13/ 416-978-5899

Text: Picturing Programs





how to solve it

it being a new problem

Clearly there's no fool-proof method, but there's some techniques that often make progress. It helps to write down the whole process:

- Understand the problem
- ▶ Devise (one or more) plan(s)
- ▶ Try the plan
- ▶ Look back



paper folding? try it out

▶ Understand the problem (what's given, what's required)?

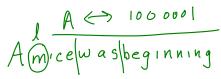
Devise a plan

▶ Try at least one plan (be ready to abandon it too)

▶ Look back



In media res



Representing even simple information is hard. Let's race through this table:

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Early devices

tally systems

read write times -> read only



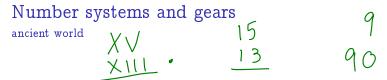
Clay tablets, read-only when baked, read/write when sundried, havebeen in use for at least 5,000 years.

heavy to comy about

Abacuses, or abaci, have been in use for nearly as long

human moves beads about represent numbers.





Hindu-Arabic numbers: positional notation, and zero over 2000 years ago slick algorithms, e.g. long multiplication

craft - ability to

Antikythera mechanism make us re-think ancient technical skills



Gears and rules

machine age



Add powers (logs) to multiply quickly, extract roots

Read the gears to extract taxes — Pascaline



Looms and engines

industrial revolution





Jacquard loom combined steam and punch cards for automatic patterns

useful

Babbages difference engine would have evaluated polynomials like $3x^3+5x^2-7x+9$







gears, pins, and electricity

digital and analog before tubes

used + financed for the 1890 U.S. answs.



data stored in punched cards manipulated by pins and electricity last for decades

analog computers model world using smoothly-varying quantities such as water



programmable or electronic...

... but not both?



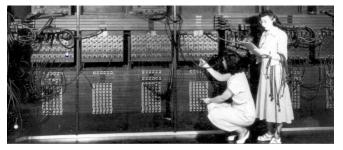
"programmable" (cards) but not electronic (relays) the Zuse Z1

electronic but not programmable dedicated to one calculation the Atanosoff-Berry



when computers were women

for a while



Eniac's first programmers were women known for clear-thinking, manual dexterity, and speed ... human labour was cheaper than computer cycles dozens of cubic metres, programmed by connecting pins

stored programs, faster switches getting modern



the same memory for data and programs is now the typical design

tubes were big, hot, slow compared to transistors ... which just keep shrinking





your (grand)parent's computer

smaller, faster ...



perhaps thanks to sputnik the computing power of eniac fits in your hand by 1970

mass-produced desktops landed with a clunk by 1980s



Notes