### Welcome to CSC384 Introduction to Artificial Intelligence Winter 2020



Bahar Aameri & Sonya Allin, University of Toronto, Winter 2020

### **CSC384: Intro to Artificial Intelligence**

### Lectures/Tutorials:

LEC0101: Mon, Wed, Fri 1:00 - 2:00 pm BA 1190 (Bahen Centre, 40 St. George Street)

LEC0201/2001: Mon, Wed, Fri 3:00 - 4:00 pm KP 108 (Koffler House, 569 Spadina Crescent)

LEC5101: Wed 6:00 - 9:00 pm BA 1190 (Bahen Centre, 40 St. George Street)

The last hour will be a continuation of the lecture period and/or time to go over extra examples and questions. Don't plan to miss it!

### **CSC384: Intro to Artificial Intelligence**

Instructor: Bahar Aameri

Office Hour: Tentatively, M 11 am

**Instructor:** Sonya Allin

Office Hour: Tentatively, F 4 pm

Email for both instructors: csc384-2020-01@cs.toronto.edu

This course is being co-taught. Lectures & evaluation will be identical in the sections. Profs. Allin & Aameri will each teach certain topics in both sections.

### CSC384: Textbook

**Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach,** Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig. 3rd Edition, 2010.

- 2 copies of are on 24hr reserve in the Engineering and Computer Science Library.
- · Recommended but not required.
- Lecture notes cover much of the course material and will be available online before class.
- Electronic version available online at a reduced price.

### Other Recommended Books and Resources:

- Knowledge Representation and Reasoning. Brachman & Levesque. 2004.
- Computational Intelligence: A Logical Approach. D. Poole, A. Mackworth, R. Goebel, Oxford Press, 1998.
- Artificial Intelligence Foundations of Computational Agents (2017), Poole & Macworth. The website for this book is http:// artint.info/. Note: the text is on-line and free!



3rd edition:



2<sup>nd</sup> edition

### **CSC384: Other Resources**

### Online Courses:

Various materials and lectures are available online, e.g.,

### Udacity

- https://www.udacity.com/courses
- Introduction to Artificial Intelligence

### **Berkeley**

- http://ai.berkeley.edu/home.html
- We will be using some of their software

CSC384: Website

Course web site

http://www.teach.cs.toronto.edu/~csc384h/winter/

- Primary source of more detailed information, course slides, announcements, etc.
- Course Communication

Piazza: https://piazza.com/utoronto.ca/winter2020/csc384/home

Course Assignment Submission and Administration
 MarkUs: TDB (Check the website and Piazza for uptades)

All announcements will be made on piazza and the course web page. You are responsible for monitoring these regularly.

### **CSC384: Prerequisites**

- Some probability (STA 247/STA255/STA257H).
- Good knowledge of python (assignments involve python programming).
- Knowledge of basic data structures (stacks, queues, priority queues), graph, familiarity with Big O notation and run time complexity (CSC263, 265).
- If you don't have these prerequisites or don't feel fully comfortable with these ideas you will be responsible for learning any needed background material.

### CSC384: E-mail/board policies

Discussion and communication will be via Piazza, unless it's of a personal nature in which case you should email your course instructor. Please be respectful when you post to Piazza (i.e. be careful with your words).

Piazza is a third-party discussion forum with many features that are designed specifically for use with courses. We encourage you to post questions (and answers!) on Piazza, and read what other questions your classmates have posted. However, since Piazza is run by another company, we also encourage you to read the privacy policy carefully and only sign up if you are comfortable with it. If you are not comfortable signing up with your U of T email address, you can access read-only mode. Feel free to discuss further with your instructor.

- For each assignment, a TA(s) will be assigned to answer questions and to monitor Piazza
- Answers that are important to everyone will be posted to the web site.
- For personal email, subject header should start "[CSC384]".
- A silent period will take effect 24 hours before each assignment is due.
   I.e. no question related to the assignment that is posed within this 24 hour period will be answered.

### CSC384: Where to get help

- Piazza
- Office hours
- Help sessions: we'll be running extensive assignment-specific help sessions so that you can get personalized help from TAs

### CSC384: How you will be graded

Grading Scheme	Topic	Weight	Dates (subject to some Uncertainty!)	
Item				
Assignment 1	Search	11%	Out Jan 20, due Feb 4 @ 10:00pm	
Assignment 2	Constraint Satisfaction	11%	Out Feb 3, due Feb 25 @ 10:00pm	
Midterm Test		16%	Feb 12 In Class	
Assignment 3	Game Tree Search	11%	Out Feb 24, due Mar 10 @ 10:00pm	
Assignment 4	Reasoning with Uncertainty	11%	Out Mar 16, due Apr 3 @ 10:00pm	
Final Exam		40%	Exam Period	

<sup>\*\*</sup> Assignment and test dates are tentative and may be updated \*\*

### **Grading Summary:**

- 4 Assignments (A1: 11%; A2: 11%; A3: 11%; A4: 11%)
- 1 term test (16%)
- 1 final exam (40 %)

### CSC384: How you will be graded

### Course work:

- 4 Assignments (A1: 11%; A2: 11%; A3: 11%; A4 11%)
- 1 term test (16%)
- 1 final exam (40 %)

### Late Policy/Missing Test:

- You will have 3 grace days. Use them wisely!
- After that, you will be penalized 10% per day for late assignments.
- For some assignments there may be a cut-off date after which assignments will no longer be accepted.

**Plagiarism:** (submission of work not substantially the student's own) http://www.cs.toronto.edu/~fpitt/documents/plagiarism.html

WHAT IS AI?

### What is Artificial Intelligence (AI)?

How to achieve "intelligent" behaviour through computational means

...but what is "intelligent"?

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### Are these intelligent?





### What about these?





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### **Recent Acceleration**

In the last 5 years the number of technologies and devices embodying some form of "machine intelligence" have exploded ...

...even surpassing the expectation of those developing the enabling technologies and the basic research

### **Alan Turing (1912 – 1954)**

"Computing machinery and intelligence" Mind, 59, 433-460., 1950

The Imitation Game



"Can machines think?" I believe to be too meaningless to deserve discussion. Nevertheless I believe that at the end of the century the use of words and general educated opinion will have altered so much that one will be able to speak of machines thinking without expecting to be contradicted.

### A BRIEF LOOK BACK

### 1956-1997

1956: John McCarthy - Dartmouth Artificial Intelligence Conference

1957: Herbert Simon - "within 10 years a digital computer will be the

world's chess champion"

**1967:** Marvin Minsky - "within a generation .. the problem of creating 'artificial intelligence' will substantially be solved".

**1974-80:** Slow progress, relative to expectations "Al Winter"



Early 1980's: Expert Systems boom

1982-1992: Japanese Fifth-Generation Project

1987-1993: 2<sup>nd</sup> Al Winter



### 1997: Chess

IBM's Deep Blue beats chess grandmaster Garry Kasparov



### **AlphaGo**

2016: AlphaGo beats 9-Dan pro Go player Lee Sedol2017: AlphaGo Zero – learns by playing with itself



### **2011: Watson**

IBM's Watson defeats the Jeopardy champions Brad Rutter and Ken Jennings by a significant margin.



### **Autonomous Driving**

**2005:** DARPA Grand Challenge – Stanford autonomous vehicle drives 131 miles along an unrehearsed desert trail.



### **Autonomous Driving**

**2007:** DARPA Urban Challenge – CMU autonomous vehicle drives 55 miles in an urban environment while adhering to traffic hazards and traffic laws.



### **Autonomous Robots**

Darpa Grand Challenge Winner Team KAIST

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BGOUSvaQcBs

### **Autonomous Driving**

Now: Google Car ...

and efforts by all the major car manufacturers, Mobileye, Uber, ...

Watch also for autonomous wheelchairs, boats, ...



### Where are we in 2020?

More and more devices are appearing that seem

- ...a little smarter,
- ...a little more intuitive,
- ...a little easier to use,
- ...and that know your preferences.

There may be no "ah ha" moment in which we say now we have "achieved artificial intelligence". Instead, Al may creep up on us.

# Unsolved problems remain ... DARPA Robotics Challenge: Robot "fails" including plenty of ethical ones. Including plenty United Nations to Ban Open Latter Including Urgan Urgan United Nations to Ban Open Latter Including Urgan Urg

Does all this success mean we've machines with human-level intelligence?



### **Back to our definition**

Al studies ... how to achieve "intelligent" behaviour through computational means

### What is Intelligence?

- Webster says:
- The capacity to acquire and apply knowledge.
- The faculty of thought and reason.
- ...
- What features/abilities do humans (animals/animate objects) have that you think are indicative or characteristic of intelligence?
- Abstract concepts, mathematics, language, problem solving, memory, logical reasoning, planning ahead, emotions, morality, ability to learn/adapt, etc...

### **Human Intelligence**

- Recently some claims have been made of AI systems that can pass the Turing Test.
- However, these systems operate on subterfuge, and were able to convince a rather naïve jury that they were human like.
- The main technique used is obfuscation...rather than answering questions the system changed the topic!
- This is not what Turing described in his Turing Test.

### **Human Intelligence**

- Turing provided some very persuasive arguments that a system passing the Turing test is intelligent.
  - We can only really say it **behaves like a human**
  - Nothing guarantees that it thinks like a human
- The Turing test does not provide much traction on the question of how to actually build an intelligent system.

### **Computational Intelligence**

- Al tries to understand and model intelligence as a computational process.
- Thus we try to construct systems whose computation achieves or approximates a desired notion of intelligence.
- Hence AI is part of Computer Science.
  - Other areas interested in the study of intelligence lie in other areas or study, e.g., cognitive science which focuses on human intelligence. Such areas are very related, but their central focus tends to be different.

### **Computational Intelligence != Human Intelligence**

- In general there are various reasons why trying to mimic humans might **not** be the best approach to AI:
  - Computers and Humans have a very different architecture with quite different abilities.
  - Numerical computations
  - Visual and sensory processing
  - Slow parallel vs. fast serial

	Computer	Human Brain
Computational Units	8 CPUs, 10 <sup>10</sup> gates	10 <sup>11</sup> neurons
Storage Units	10 <sup>10</sup> bits RAM	10 <sup>11</sup> neurons
	10 <sup>13</sup> bits disk	10 <sup>14</sup> synapses
Cycle time	10 <sup>-9</sup> sec	10-3 sec
Bandwidth	10 <sup>10</sup> bits/sec	1014 bits/sec
Memory updates/sec	1010	1014

### **Human Intelligence**

- But more importantly, we know very little about how the human brain performs higher level processes. Hence, this point of view provides little information from which a scientific understanding of these processes can be built.
- Nevertheless, Neuroscience has been very influential in some areas of Al. For example, in robotic sensing, vision processing, etc.
- Humans might not be best comparison ...
  - Don't always make the best decisions
  - Computer intelligence can aid in our decision making

### AlphaGo vs. Lee Sedol

Lee Sedol AlphaGo

Processing 1 brain (10<sup>11</sup> neurons) 1920 CPUs + 280 GPUs

Power 20 watts 1 MW (50,000 times more)

### **Rationality**

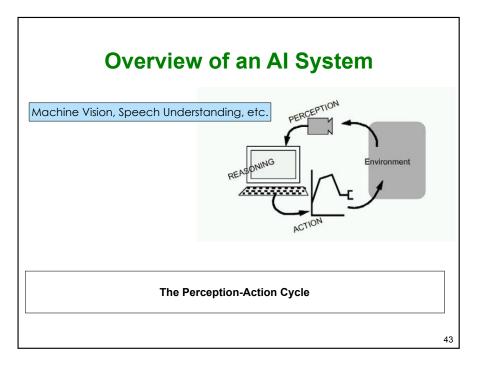
- The alternative approach relies on the notion of rationality.
- Typically this is a precise mathematical notion of what it means to do the right thing in any particular circumstance. Provides
  - A precise mechanism for analyzing and understanding the properties of this ideal behaviour we are trying to achieve.
  - A precise benchmark against which we can measure the behaviour the systems we build.

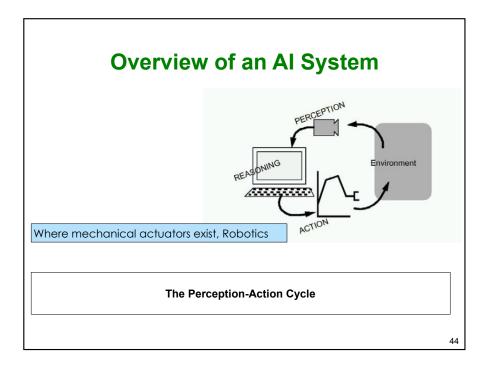
### **Rationality**

- Mathematical characterizations of rationality have come from diverse areas like logic (laws of thought) and economics (utility theory how best to act under uncertainty, game theory how self-interested agents interact).
- There is no universal agreement about which notion of rationality is best, but since these notions are precise we can study them and give exact characterizations of their properties, good and bad.
- We'll focus on acting rationally
- this has implications for thinking/reasoning

# Overview of an Al System Game Playing Agents Environment? Perceptions? Decisions? Actions? The Perception-Action Cycle

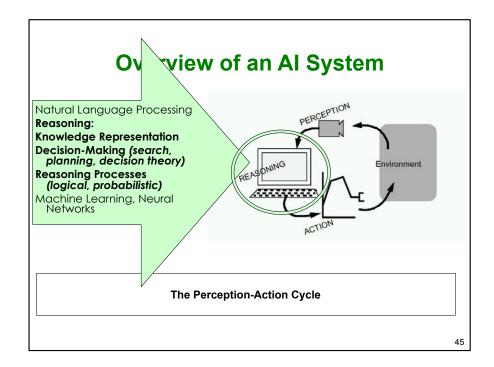
### Overview of an Al System PERCEPTION PERCEPTION ACTION The Perception-Action Cycle





### What We Cover in CSC384

- Search
- Heuristic Search. (Chapter 3,4)
  - Search spaces
  - Heuristic guidance
- Backtracking Search (Chapter 6)
  - "Vector of features" representation
  - Case analysis search
- Game tree search (Chapter 5)
  - Working against an opponent



### What We Cover in CSC384 (cont.)

- Knowledge Representation (Chapter 7-9,12)
  - First order logic for more general knowledge
  - Knowledge represented in declarative manner
- Planning (Chapter 10-11)
  - Predicate representation of states
  - Planning graph
- Uncertainty (Chapter 13-14 a bit of 15)
  - Probabilistic reasoning, Bayes networks
  - In passing: Utilities and influence diagrams (Chapter 16, 17)

### **Further Courses in Al**

- CSC320H "Introduction to Visual Computing"
- CSC321H "Introduction to Neural Networks and Machine Learning"
- CSC401H1 "Natural Language Computing"
- CSC411H "Machine Learning and Data Mining"
- CSC412H1 "Probabilistic Learning and Reasoning"
- CSC420H1 "Introduction to Image Understanding"
- CSC485H1 "Computational Linguistics"
- CSC486H1 "Knowledge Representation and Reasoning"

### **Get Involved!**

- Undergraduate Al Group (UAIG)
- Undergraduate Summer Research Assistantships (USRAs)
- UofT Self-driving Car Team

### Where We'll Start

- Readings: Russell & Norvig.
  - Chapters 1 & 2 optional but interesting!
  - Chapter 3 topic to be covered over the next week+ and Assignment 1