February 13, 2014

From an early draft of his *Canterbury tales* Chaucer removed an account of the pilgrims staying at Anne Hoy’s’ inn, an establishment that served bad ale but good cheese. The missing account explained how Anne kept her high-quality cheese stacked on stools, the largest rounds underneath the smaller rounds, to stop rats and mice from getting at them.

Occasionally the stool holding the cheese would need some maintenance (for example, the legs would start to buckle under the weight), and Anne would shift the entire stack from one stool to another. Since she could only move a single (hundred-pound plus) round of cheese at one time, and she refused to stack a larger-diameter cheese round on a smaller one (the outer part of the larger cheese would droop) she used three stools: one was her destination for her entire stack of cheese, one was the source (which likely needed its legs reinforced), and the third was for intermediate stacking. Chaucer immortalized the complicated routine Anne endured, lugging rounds of cheese from stool to stool as “The tour of Anne Hoy” (TOAH).

One of Chaucer’s pilgrims had a mathematical bent. She had seen a miraculous early draft of the *Wikipedia* article on the *Tour of Hanoi* in a vision, and noticed that Anne’s routine for moving cheeses was identical to the problem of moving rings between three posts. Using this similarity she calculated that to move $n$ cheeses in this way required $2^n - 1$ moves. This disheartened Anne, who had plans to increase her stack of cheese beyond the 8 she currently had. She decided to invest some of her profits in a fourth stool.

Anne figured that she could do substantially better than $2^n - 1$ moves using the following strategy:

- For a stack of 1 cheese round, her four-stool configuration allowed her to move the stack in 1 move, using her previous three-stool TOAH method.

- To move a stack of $n > 1$ cheese rounds from some origin stool to some destination stool, she reasoned that she could think of some number $i$ between 1 and $n - 1$, and then:
  1. Move $n - i$ cheese rounds to an intermediate stool using all four stools.
  2. Move $i$ cheese rounds from the origin stool to the destination stool, using the (now) only three available stools and her TOAH method.
  3. Move the $n - i$ smallest cheese rounds from the intermediate stool to the destination stool, using all four stools

Notice that steps 1 and 3 require Anne to know how to move $n - i$ cheese rounds using four stools. Anne figured this wasn’t a problem, since she could apply her recursive strategy to this smaller move. She presented her plan to the above-mentioned mathematically-inclined pilgrim who said that if she called the minimum

---

1In Middle English her name would have been spelled *Ayyn H’Oeuil*

2Chaucer conjectured Anne’s muttered “cheeses crust!” and “gentle jumping cheeses!” were veiled religious oaths, not mundane references to cheese maintenance.
number of moves that her strategy needed to move \( n \) rounds of cheese \( M(n) \), and if some \( i \) between 1 and \( n - 1 \) were chosen, then (reasoning recursively):

\[
M(n) = \begin{cases} 
1 & n = 1 \\
2 \cdot M(n - i) + 2^i - 1 & \text{otherwise}
\end{cases}
\]  

(1)

After experimenting a bit Anne found she could move 3 cheese rounds in 5 moves (a little better than the 7 required by the TOAH method), and 6 cheese rounds in 17 moves — much better than the 63 required by the TOAH method. But the choice of \( i \) made all the difference. She (and the aforementioned math-geek pilgrim, who had decided to stay at her inn permanently) spent many hours with early prototypes on pencil and paper, figuring out the best strategies for moving ever-larger stacks of cheese.

This is where matters stood, for centuries, until the invention of the computer.

Your job

The *Towers of Anne Hoy Game* is to move a stack of cheeses from the first stool to the last stool, using only valid moves as described in the previous paragraphs.

You will implement parts of a step-by-step design of an object-oriented program for a *Towers of Anne Hoy game*. In order to guide you, we present the steps below, in the order we recommend. Notice that you get credit for each step you complete.

We know that this is a challenging assignment. We aim to help guide you to a successful submission, provided you follow the guidance we offer. You may work on this assignments in groups of 1, 2, or at most 3. You should be familiar with and understand all the code that your group submits ... or you'll pay for it come test time.

All your code should pass the following pep8 check

1. Download pep8.py to the same directory as your code
2. In a Python shell, type the following:
   ```python
   pep8.Checker('TOAHModel.py', ignore=('W2', 'W3')).check_all()
   ```
3. Modify the call to Checker slightly for other *.py files

Also include good docstrings, as learned in CSC108: http://www.cdf.toronto.edu/~csc108h/fall/assignments/a3/rules.html

Step 1: Read and understand the Cheese class in TOAHModel.py.

Step 2: Read the ConsoleController class in ConsoleController.py, looking for how it uses a TOAHModel object. For questions you can’t answer there (such as what the method header for __init__ should be), you will have to look in GUIController.py to see how GUIController uses a TOAHModel object. Unlike ConsoleController, GUIController is already completely implemented for you. You do not need to understand all the code in the files GUIController.py and GUIViewables.py, but your implementation of TOAHModel will be expected to work with both ConsoleController and GUIController.

Write the method headers for TOAHModel in TOAHModel.py according to their uses by ConsoleController.

Steps 1–2 are worth 50% of the credit for this assignment.
Step 3: Write the implementations of the TOAHModel methods from Step 2. Notice in particular how ConsoleController and GUIController rely on a TOAHModel object to throw exceptions in certain circumstances (and without altering the state of the TOAHModel object).

When you're done you should be able to run GUIController.py to manually play the Towers of Anne Hoy game. Do not change anything in GUIController.py or GUIViewables.py.

You also need to implement TOAHModel.__eq__. The header in TOAHModel.py has instructions.

You can assume that no two Cheese objects of the same size will ever be added to a TOAHModel object.

Steps 1-3 are worth 65% of the credit for this assignment.

Step 4: Now we want you to get a console-based version of the game working. Implement the methods play_loop, __init__, and the function move in ConsoleController.py. The headers are already written for you, and the docstrings provide additional instructions. You will also need to put appropriate code under if __name__ == '__main__':.

When you're done you should be able to run ConsoleController.py to manually play the Towers of Anne Hoy game through the console.

Steps 1-4 are worth 70% of the credit for this assignment.

Step 5: Implement the module-level function tour_of_four_stools in Tour.py to solve four stool instances of Anne Hoy's cheese-moving problem, trying to minimize the number of moves. You should be able to move n cheeses in considerably less than \(2^n - 1\) moves achievable with just three stools.

We will check your solution using TOAHModel.get_move_seq, so make sure to use the class MoveSequence in TOAHModel.py to record the moves your solver makes.

Step 5 is worth 22%. Any solution of the game (that doesn't take, say, more than twice as long as the 3-stool towers-of-Hanoi strategy), will get 3%. If you solve it in fewer moves than the 3-stool strategy (fewer than \(2^n - 1\)), we'll give you an additional 7%. If your solution is close to as good as the best-known solution, which we described above, then you'll get an additional 8%. If you implement the best-known solution, you get an additional 4%.

Step 6: Add an option to your Tour module that enables animating your solver in the console. The header for Tour.tour_of_four_stools already has two optional arguments for this; when console_animate is True, animation should be displayed in the console, and delay_btw_moves gives the number of seconds to wait between showing two moves. We recommend using TOAHModel.__str__, but you aren’t required to (you can make your own string-based representation).

Step 6 is worth 8% of the credit for this assignment.

Steps 1-6 are worth 100% of the credit for this assignment.

Bonus: See bonus.txt for instructions. If your implementation passes our test cases you will get an extra 3% “insurance” points. They cannot give you a grade above 100%, but if, for example, you get 80% on the rest of the assignment, and you get the bonus right, then your final grade will be 83%.

Those licenses: Notice that the starter code that we provide is distributed with a GNU GPL license. One consequence of this is that any copies of that code, or any work you derive from it (for example the files you submit to MarkUs), must be similarly licensed if you pass it on to someone else — you may just add your name to Gary’s/Dustin’s/Danny’s in the license declaration, and include the COPYING notice when passing it along.
What to submit

You’ll need to submit your version of the following files to MarkUs:

- TOAHModel.py
- Tour.py
- ConsoleController.py

All your code should pass the following pep8 check

1. Download pep8.py to the same directory as your code
2. In a Python shell, type the following:
   ```python
code.<pep8.Checker('TOAHModel.py', ignore=('W2', 'W3')).check_all()
```
3. Modify the call to Checker slightly for other *.py files

(yes, we know we wrote that twice)